## (1) <br> 1 <br> LESSON

## Mixed Numbers

## Quick Review

Tyla arranged 7 trapezoids.


Her arrangement shows 7 halves of a hexagon: $\frac{7}{2}$


It also shows 3 whole hexagons plus 1 half: $3 \frac{1}{2}$

$$
\frac{7}{2} \text { and } 3 \frac{1}{2} \text { represent the same amount. }
$$

They are equivalent. $\frac{7}{2}=3 \frac{1}{2}$
An improper fraction shows an amount greater than 1 whole. $\frac{7}{2}$ is an improper fraction.
A mixed number has a whole number part and a fraction part.
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ is a mixed number.

## Try These

1. Write an improper fraction and a mixed number for each picture.
a)

b)

c)


## Practice

1. Draw pictures to show each improper fraction.

Write the mixed number.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| $\frac{5}{2} \ldots$ | $\frac{7}{3}-$ |

2. Draw pictures to show each mixed number.

Write the improper fraction.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| $4 \frac{1}{4} \ldots$ | $2 \frac{6}{8}$ |  |

3. Sofia took piano lessons for 18 months.

How many years is that? Show your work.

## Stretch Your Thinking

Henry drank 4 glasses of juice. Ethan drank $\frac{9}{2}$ glasses of juice.
Who drank more juice? Explain how you know.

##  <br> 2

LESSON

## Converting between Mixed Numbers and Improper Fractions

## Quick Review

> These plates have $1 \frac{1}{4}$ sandwiches. These plates have $\frac{5}{4}$ sandwiches.

$1 \frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{5}{4}$ represent the same amount.
$1 \frac{1}{4}$ is a mixed number.
$\frac{5}{4}$ is an improper fraction.

- To write $2 \frac{7}{8}$ as an improper fraction,
$2 \times 8=16$ multiply the whole number by the
$16+7=23$ denominator and add the numerator.

So, $\frac{23}{8}=2 \frac{7}{8}$

- To write $\frac{13}{2}$ as a mixed number, divide
$13 \div 2=6 \mathrm{R} 1$ the numerator by the denominator.

So, $6 \frac{1}{2}=\frac{13}{2}$

## Try These

1. Write each mixed number as an improper fraction.
a) $3 \frac{7}{9}=$ $\qquad$ b) $4 \frac{3}{4}=$ $\qquad$ c) $7 \frac{6}{11}=$ $\qquad$ d) $1 \frac{19}{20}=$
$\qquad$
2. Write each improper fraction as a mixed number.
a) $\frac{8}{5}=$ $\qquad$ b) $\frac{39}{7}=$ $\qquad$ c) $\frac{48}{9}=$ $\qquad$ d) $\frac{16}{3}=$
$\qquad$

## Practice

Play this game with a partner.
You will need 1 number cube, 2 game markers, and 24 small counters.


| Player A | $\frac{22}{5}$ | $\frac{8}{3}$ | $\frac{13}{2}$ | $\frac{16}{3}$ | $\frac{9}{5}$ | $\frac{19}{4}$ | $\frac{19}{2}$ | $\frac{27}{7}$ | $\frac{19}{8}$ | $\frac{21}{4}$ | $\frac{23}{8}$ | $\frac{10}{7}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Player B | $\frac{22}{5}$ | $\frac{8}{3}$ | $\frac{13}{2}$ | $\frac{16}{3}$ | $\frac{9}{5}$ | $\frac{19}{4}$ | $\frac{19}{2}$ | $\frac{27}{7}$ | $\frac{19}{8}$ | $\frac{21}{4}$ | $\frac{23}{8}$ | $\frac{10}{7}$ |

## Stretch Your Thinking

Sadie says she has $\frac{7}{4}$ dollars. How much money does she have? Explain.

## LESSON

# Comparing Mixed Numbers and Improper Fractions 

## Quick Review

You can compare and order mixed numbers and improper fractions.
$>$ Order $1 \frac{3}{4}, \frac{9}{8}$, and $\frac{3}{2}$ from least to greatest. Use number lines of equal length.


The order from least to greatest is $\frac{9}{8}, \frac{3}{2}, 1 \frac{3}{4}$.


- Compare $3 \frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{17}{12}$.

Write $3 \frac{3}{4}$ as an improper fraction: $\frac{15}{4}$
Write $\frac{15}{4}$ as an equivalent fraction with denominator 12:
$\frac{15}{4}=\frac{45}{12}$
Compare $\frac{45}{12}$ and $\frac{17}{12}: \frac{45}{12}>\frac{17}{12}$
So, $3 \frac{3}{4}>\frac{17}{12}$

## Try These

1. Use these number lines to order $\frac{5}{3}, 1 \frac{1}{6}$, and $\frac{3}{2}$ from least to greatest.

2. Write $>,<$, or $=$.
a) $1 \frac{7}{8}-\frac{7}{4}$
b) $\frac{21}{5}$ $\qquad$ c) $\frac{13}{4}-3 \frac{5}{6}$

## Practice

1. Write $>,<$, or $=$.
a) $\frac{11}{7}-\frac{10}{9}$
b) $\frac{21}{8}-\frac{31}{12}$
c) $\frac{17}{7}-2 \frac{3}{4}$
d) $1 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{24}{16}$
e) $\frac{24}{5}=\frac{48}{10}$
f) $3 \frac{4}{5}-\frac{78}{25}$
2. Use a mixed number to complete each question.
a) $\frac{9}{4}=$
b) $\frac{19}{11}>$
c) $\frac{25}{12}<$
d) $\frac{41}{3}<$
e) $\frac{30}{10}<$ $\qquad$ f) $\frac{14}{3}>$ $\qquad$
3. Order the numbers in each set from greatest to least.
a) $\frac{8}{3}, 1 \frac{11}{12}, \frac{7}{4}$
b) $\frac{10}{6}, \frac{8}{8}, 1 \frac{1}{3}$
c) $\frac{9}{5}, \frac{11}{10}, 1 \frac{7}{20}$
d) $2 \frac{8}{12}, \frac{13}{6}, \frac{9}{8}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. Use these number lines to order $\frac{5}{2}, 2 \frac{1}{4}$, and $\frac{6}{3}$ from greatest to least.

$\qquad$
5. Write each time period as a mixed number and as an improper fraction.
a) 3 h 30 min : $\qquad$ h; $\qquad$ h
b) 1 h 20 min : $\qquad$ h; $\qquad$ h
c) 2 h 45 min : $\qquad$ h; $\qquad$ h
d) 7 h 10 min : $\qquad$ h; $\qquad$ h

## Stretch Your Thinking

Jeremiah thinks $27 \frac{8}{9}$ is equivalent to $\frac{251}{8}$. Is he correct?
Explain how you know.

